

We Claim:

1. A fuel oil composition having improved cold-flow properties, said composition comprising a cold flow additive and the following components from various pipestills of a petroleum crude refinery process:
 - 5 a. a relatively heavy fraction from a catalytically cracked heavy gasoil in turn derived from an atmospheric or a vacuum pipestill, said fraction having a boiling range of 170 to 380°C in an amount of 3 to 20% by weight and
 - a. 208 b. a gasoil product from an atmospheric pipestill, said product having a boiling range of 225 to 335°C in an amount of 30-50% by weight, characterized in that components (a) and/or (b) in said composition is at least partially replaced by at least one relatively light naphtha fraction (c) from an atmospheric or a vacuum pipestill, said light fraction (c) having a boiling range of 130 to 235°C and being present in an amount of 3 to 20% by weight, all weights 15 being based on the total weight of the fuel oil composition.
2. A composition according to Claim 1 wherein component (a) has a boiling point in the range from 184 to 376°C.
- 20 3. A composition according to Claim 1 or 2 wherein component (a) is present in the composition in an amount ranging from about 5-18 % by weight of the total fuel oil composition.
4. A composition according to any one of the preceding Claims wherein component 25 (b) has a boiling point in the range from about 244 to 330°C.
5. A composition according to any one of the preceding Claims wherein component (b) is present in the composition in an amount ranging from about 35-45% by weight of the total fuel oil composition.
- 30 6. A composition according to any one of the preceding Claims wherein the light naphtha fraction (c) has a boiling point in the range from 136 to 231°C.

7. A composition according to any one of the preceding Claims wherein the light naphtha fraction (c) is present in the composition in an amount from about 5-15% by weight of the total composition.
- 5 8. A composition according to any one of the preceding Claims wherein the light naphtha fraction has an aromatics content in the range from about 60 - 75% by weight.
9. A composition according to any one of the preceding Claims wherein the fuel oil 10 composition contains in addition one or more distillate fractions selected from
 - (d) a fraction from a vacuum pipestill has a boiling point in the range from about 200 to 400°C and is present in an amount ranging from about 3-7% by weight;
 - (e) a fraction from an atmospheric pipestill which has a boiling point in the 15 range from about 160 to 380°C and is present in an amount ranging from about 5 to 15% by weight;
 - (f) a fraction from an atmospheric pipestill which has a boiling point in the range from about 230 to 350°C and is present in an amount ranging from about 15 to 30% by weight; and
 - 20 (g) a fraction from an atmospheric pipestill which has a boiling point in the range from about 210 to 420°C and is present in an amount ranging from about 3 to 8% by weight,all weights being based on the total weight of the fuel oil composition.
- 25 10. A composition according to any one of the preceding Claims wherein the fuel oil composition contains in addition one or more distillate fractions selected from
 - (d) a fraction from a vacuum pipestill has a boiling point in the range from about 240 to 365°C and is present in an amount ranging from about 3-7% by weight;
 - (e) a fraction from an atmospheric pipestill which has a boiling point in the 30 range from about 183 to 331°C and is present in an amount ranging from about 5 to 15% by weight;
 - (f) a fraction from an atmospheric pipestill which has a boiling point in the range from about 231 to 344°C and is present in an amount ranging from about 15 to 30% by weight; and

(g) a fraction from an atmospheric pipestill which has a boiling point in the range from about 216 to 395°C and is present in an amount ranging from about 3 to 8% by weight,
all weights being based on the total weight of the fuel oil composition.

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11. A composition according to any one of the preceding Claims wherein the cold flow additive is present in said composition in an amount from 0.001 to 2.0% by weight of the total fuel oil composition.

10 12. A composition according to any one of the preceding Claims wherein the cold-
flow additive is an ethylene vinyl acetate copolymer. 44

15 13. A method of improving the cold flow properties of a fuel oil composition comprising a cold flow additive and the following components from various pipestills of a petroleum crude refinery process:
a. a relatively heavy fraction from a catalytically cracked heavy gasoil in turn derived from an atmospheric or vacuum pipestill, said fraction having a boiling range of 180 to 380°C in an amount of 3 to 20% by weight and
b. a gasoil product from an atmospheric pipestill, said product having a boiling range of 240 to 335°C in an amount of 30-50% by weight,
20 said method comprising replacing at least partially components (a) and/or (b) in said composition by at least one relatively light naphtha fraction (c) from an atmospheric or a vacuum pipestill, said light fraction (c) having a boiling range of 130 to 235°C and being present in an amount of 3 to 20% by weight, all weights being based on the total weight of the fuel oil composition.

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